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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 10/541,848 | 07/12/2005 | Noriaki Oku | Q88921 | 6754 |
| 23373 SUGHRUE MI | 7590 12/13/2007 ION. PLLC | | EXAMINER | |
| 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. | | | DANG, THUAN D | |
| SUITE 800 WASHINGTO | N. DC 20037 | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | , | | 1797 | |
| | | | MAIL DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 12/13/2007 | PAPER |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
| Office Andiens Occasion | 10/541,848 | OKU ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Thuan D. Dang | 1797 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply | opears on the cover sheet with | h the correspondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC .136(a). In no event, however, may a reput will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT te, cause the application to become ABA | ATION. ply be timely filed (HS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27. | September 2007. | | | | |
| 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Thi | This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowed | ance except for formal matte | rs, prosecution as to the merits is | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under | Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. | 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | , | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ | or election requirement. | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin | ner. | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac | | y the Examiner. | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre | ction is required if the drawing(s | s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E | Examiner. Note the attached | Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: | | 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documer | | unitantiam Na | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documer | | | | | |
| Copies of the certified copies of the pricapplication from the International Burea | | eceived in this National Stage | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis | • | eceived. | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | | ımmary (PTO-413) ı/Mail Date | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | _ | formal Patent Application | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 6) 🔲 Other: | <u>-</u> | | | |

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Codignola (3,127,452).

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Codignola discloses a process for hydrogenating styrene by passing upwardly a liquid containing alpha-methylstyrene and a gas containing hydrogen thru a packed bed of a solid hydrogenation catalyst (fig. 1; col. 1, lines 23-28; col. 2, lines 8-47).

Codignola does not disclose how much the superficial velocity of hydrogen gas is when it passes upwardly the catalyst bed.

However, the selection of parameters to optimize a chemical process is obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 9/27/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The argument that the superior effect of the presently claimed superficial velocity of the gas on the reaction rate per unit is also evidenced by examples is not persuasive since the claimed process is not the processes disclosed in the examples. There are so big differences between the claimed process and the process disclosed in examples: (copper/palladium catalyst versus any solid hydrogenation catalyst); (alpha-methyl styrene versus any olefin (except claim 4)); (a specific pressure, namely 1.0 Mpa versus any pressure); (superficial velocity of the gas at 6.5 to 7cm/sec versus 3 to 10 cm/sec); (a specific temperature, namely 180-200°C versus any temperature). Therefore, it is incorrect to say that the superficial velocity effects to the claimed process since the claimed process is not the processes in examples. The examiner also notes the comparative examples in the specification in the consideration of the effect of superficial velocity on the reaction. However, it is noted that other variables are not kept constant, so that

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the change of superficial velocity can be compared. It has been established by the patent law that the cause and effect sought to be proven is lost here in the welter of unfixed variables. *In re Heyna*, 360 F.2d 222, 228, 149 USPQ 692, 697 (CCPA 1966). Applicants are also reminded that it has been established that evidence of unobviousness must be commensurate in scope with the claims. *In re Kulling* 14 USPQ 2d 1056, 1058 (Fed. Cir. 1990); *In re Clemans* 206 USPQ 389 (CCPA 1980); *In re Dill* 202 USPQ 805, 808 (CCPA 1979); *In re Greenfield* 197 USPQ 227 (CCPA 1978); *In re Lindner* 173 USPQ 356, 358 (CCPA 1972); *In re Hyson* 172 USPQ 399 (CCPA 1972); *In re Tiffin* 171 USPQ 294 (CCPA 1971); *In re Mclaughlin* 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971); *In re Kennedy* 168 USPQ 587 (CCPA 1971); *In re Law* 133 USPQ 653 (CCPA 1962).

In argument, applicants argue that in examples, Codignola uses a superficial velocity of gas of less than the claimed range of the same is not persuasive since the Codignola process is not limited by examples since it has been held that a disclosure in a reference is not limited to its specific illustrative examples, but must be considered as a whole to ascertain what would be realistically suggested thereby to one ordinary skill in the art. *In re Uhlig*, 54 CCPA 1300 376 F2d 320; 153 USPQ 460.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thuan D. Dang whose telephone number is 571-272-1445. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on 571-272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Thuan D. Dang / Primary Examiner Art Unit 1797
